### Tax Preparers' Due Diligence Requirements for EITC

Paid preparers who file EITC returns or claims for refunds for clients must meet four due diligence requirements. Those who fail to do so can be assessed a \$500 penalty for each failure.

- 1) Complete and file with taxpayer's return Form 8867, Paid Preparer's Earned Income Credit Checklist.
- 2) Fill out the appropriate EIC worksheet found in the Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ instructions or in Publication 596, use your own equivalent form.
- You must have no knowledge that any of the information used to determine the taxpayer's eligibility for the credit and the credit amount is incorrect.
- 4) Retain Form 8867 and the EIC worksheets (or your own equivalents of each), and a record of how, when, and from whom the information used to prepare the form and worksheets was obtained. You must keep these documents for three years from June 30 following the date the return or claim for refund was presented to the taxpayer for signature.

## 2014 Medical Savings Accounts (MSA)

#### 2014 Annual Deductible Range

Self-Only Coverage \$ 2,200 - \$ 3,250 Family Coverage \$ 4,350 - \$ 6,550

#### **Maximum Out of Pocket**

Self-Only Coverage \$ 4,350 Family Coverage \$ 8,000

### **Health Savings Account (HSA)**

<b>2014 Maximum Annual Contribution</b> Self-Only Coverage Family Coverage	\$	mits 3,300 6,550
2014 Minimum Deductible		
Self Coverage	Ş	1,250 2,500
Family Coverage	\$	2,500
2014 Maximum Out of Pocket		
Self Coverage	\$	6,350
Family Coverage	\$	12,700
<b>Additional Over Age 55 - 65</b> 2014 and after	\$	1,000

## **Standard Deductions**

IF Your Filing Status Is	Base Amount	Additional Amount for Blindness or Over Age 65
Single	\$ 6,200	\$1,550
Married Filing Jointly	\$12,400	\$1,200
Married Filing Separately	\$ 6,200	\$1,200
Head of Household	\$ 9,100	\$1,550
Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child	\$12,400	\$1,200
Dependent of Another	\$1,000 or Earned Income + \$350	\$1,200 or \$1,550 if single or HOH

# **MACRS Recovery Periods**

	MACRS RECOV			
	General	Alternative		
Type of Property	Depreciation System	Depreciation System		
Type of Froperty		Jysteili		
Computers and their peripheral equipment	5 years	5 years		
Office machinery, such as: Typewriters Calculators Copiers	5 years	б years		
Automobiles	<u> </u>	•		
	5 years	5 years		
Light trucks	5 years	5 years		
Appliances, such as: Stoves	F	0		
Refrigerators	5 years	9 years		
Carpets	5 years	9 years		
Furniture used in rental property	5 years	9 years		
Office furniture and equipment, such as:  Desks  Files	7 years	10 years		
Any property that does not have a class life and that has not been designated by law as being in any other class	7 1025			
Roads	7 years	12 years		
	15 years	20 years		
Shrubbery	15 years	20 years		
Fences	15 years	20 years		
Residential rental property (buildings or structures) and structural components such as	27.5	<b>/</b> 0		
furnaces, water pipes, venting, etc.	27.5 years	40 years		
Nonresidential real property	39 years	40 years		
Additions and improvements, such as a new roof	as that of the prop which the additior improvement is m determined as if th property were plac service at the sam	The same recovery period as that of the property to which the addition or improvement is made, determined as if the property were placed in service at the same time as the addition or improvement.		