## ADOPTION CREDIT

Maximum credit for a child with special needs
Other adoptions, qualified expenses Up to \$11,390
Phaseout range, modified adjusted gross income $\$ 174,730-\$ 214,730$

SECTION 179 EXPENSE

## Expense Limit <br> \$250,000 <br> Phaseout Threshold \$800,000 <br> FICA (SS \& MEDICARE) <br> WAGE BASE

| Social Security Wage Base <br> Maximum Social Security Tax <br> Medicare Wage Base <br> Maximum Medicare Wage Tax | $\$ 102,000$ <br> $\$ 6,324$ <br> No ceiling <br> No ceiling |
| :--- | ---: |
| STUDENT LOAN |  |
| INTIEREST DEDUCTION |  |

Maximum interest deduction $\quad \$ 2,500$
Modified Adjusted Gross Income Phaseout:
Married Filing Jointly $\$ 115,000-\$ 145,000$
Single/HOH
\$55,000-\$70,000

## QUALIFYING CHILD

A qualifying child for purposes of the child
tax credit must be all of the following:

1. Claimed as your dependent on line 6 c of Form 1040 or Form 1040A.
2. Under age 17 at the end of 2008.
3. Your:
a. Son, daughter, adopted child, stepchild, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild), or
b. Brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your niece or nephew) whom you cared for as you would your own child, or
c. Foster child (any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency whom you cared for as you would your own child).
4. A U.S. citizen or resident alien.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption even if the adoption is not final.
Kidnapped child. A kidnapped child is treated as a qualifying child for the child tax credit if both of the following statements are true:

1. The child is presumed by law enforcement authorities to have been kidnapped by someone who is not a member of your family or the child's family.
2. The child qualified as your dependent for the part of the year before the kidnapping.

This treatment applies for all years until the child is returned. However, the last year this treatment can apply is the earlier of:

1. The year there is a determination that the child is dead, or
2. The year the child would have reached age 16.

## DEPENDENT CARE CREDIT LIMITATIONS

To determine the amount of your credit, multiply your work-related expenses (after applying the earned income and dollar limits) by a percentage. This percentage depends on your adjusted gross income shown on Form 1040, line 37, or Form 1040A, line 21. The following table shows the percentage to use based on adjusted gross income. The maximum eligible to be multiplied by these percentages is $\$ 3,000$ per child, maximum of $\$ 6,000$ per return.
$\left.\begin{array}{|rcc|}\hline \text { IF YOUR ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS: } \\ \text { BUT NOT OVER }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { THEN THE } \\ \text { PERCENTAGE IS: }\end{array}\right]$

## COMPARISON OF EDUCATION CREDITS

| HOPE CREDIT | LIFETIME LEARNING CREDIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| Up to $\$ 1,800$ | Up to $\$ 2,000$ |
| Equals $100 \%$ of first $\$ 1,200$ in qualified <br> expenses and $50 \%$ of the next $\$ 1,200$ <br> in qualified expenses. | Maximum lifetime learning rate is $20 \%$. |
| Available only until the first 2 years of <br> post-secondary education are completed | Available for all years of post-secondary <br> education and for courses to acquire or <br> improve job skills |
| Available only for 2 years per eligible student | Available for an unlimited number of years |
| Student must be pursuing an undergraduate <br> degree or other recognized educational <br> credential | Student does not need to be pursuing a degree <br> or other recognized educational credential |
| Student must be enrolled at least half time for <br> at least one academic period beginning <br> during the year | Available for one or more courses |
| No felony drug conviction on student's record | Felony drug conviction rule does not apply |

## HOPE AND LIFETIME LEARNING CREDITS PHASEOUT

MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME PHASEOUT

| Married Filing Jointly | $\$ 96,000-\$ 116,000$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| All other Filing Statuses | $\$ 48,000-\$ 58,000$ |

## SOCIAL SECURITY PAYBACK

| At full retirement age or older | No limit on earnings |
| :--- | :--- |
| Under full retirement age | $\$ 1$ in benefits will be deducted for each $\$ 2$ you <br> earn above $\$ 13,560$. |
| In the year you reach full retirement age | Your benefits will be reduced $\$ 1$ for every $\$ 3$ <br> you earn above $\$ 36,120$. |

* For 2008, full retirement age is 65 years and 10 months.

